

Market Rule Amendment Proposal Form

Part 1 - Market Rule Information

Identification No.:	MR-00461-R01	
Subject:	Market Renewal Program – Market Power Mitigation: Second Batch Definitions	
Title:	Market Power Mitigation: Second Batch Definitions	
Nature of Proposal:		
Chapter:	11	
Appendix:		
Sections:		
Sub-sections proposed for amending:		
Current Market Rules Baseline:	September 13, 2023	

Part 2 - Proposal History

Version	Reason for Issuing	Version Date
1.0	Draft for Stakeholder Review	August 12, 2021
2.0	Draft for Stakeholder Review	December 17, 2021
3.0	Draft for Technical Panel Review	January 4, 2022
4.0	Publish for Stakeholder Review and Comment Re-Published for Stakeholder Review and Comment	January 20, 2022 February 15, 2022
5.0	Submitted for Technical Panel Provisional Vote	March 15, 2022
6.0	Provisionally recommended by Technical Panel; submitted for IESO Board Review	March 22, 2022
7.0	Re-Published for Stakeholder Review and Comment	March 16, 2023
8.0	Re-Published for Stakeholder Review and Comment	December 1, 2023

Approved Amendment Publication Date:

Approved Amendment Effective Date:

Part 3 - Explanation for Proposed Amendment

Summary

The IESO proposes to amend Chapter 11 definitions in the market rules related to the Market Renewal Program (MRP) Second Batch market rule packages (MR-00455). The proposed amendments:

- 1. Support changes related to MR-00455 Market Power Mitigation;
- 2. Include other miscellaneous amendments to defined terms;
- 3. Include changes to the first Batch provisionally approved definitions.

This proposal is based on input from various stakeholder engagement initiatives for the Market Renewal Program (MRP).

Further information on MRP can be found on the IESO's Market Renewal webpage.

Background

Please refer to MRP backgrounder in MR-00455-R00.

Discussion

The following amendments to Chapter 11 market rule definitions are proposed to accompany the Batch 2 MRP market rule amendment package:

1. Support changes related to MR-00455: Market Power Mitigation

The following new and amended defined terms are required to support the market power mitigation framework:

New:

- alternative intertie reference level value;
- alternative reference quantity value;
- dynamic constrained area;
- economic withholding;
- energy bid intertie reference level;
- energy offer intertie reference level;
- energy offer reference level;
- financial dispatch data parameters;
- global market power reference intertie zone;
- instance of intertie economic withholding;
- instance of physical withholding;
- intertie economic withholding;

- intertie reference level;
- intertie reference level value;
- lead time reference level;
- market control entity;
- market control entity for physical withholding;
- maximum number of starts per day reference level;
- minimum generation block down-time reference level;
- minimum generation block run-time reference level;
- minimum loading point reference level;
- narrow constrained area;
- non-financial dispatch data parameters;
- operating reserve offer intertie reference level;
- operating reserve offer reference level;
- physical withholding;
- potential constrained area;
- preliminary view;
- ramp hours to minimum loading point reference level
- reference level;
- reference level value;
- reference quantity;
- reference quantity value;
- short-run marginal benefit;
- short-run marginal cost;
- · simulated as-offered energy locational marginal price;
- simulated as-offered operating reserve locational marginal price;
- simulated intertie reference level energy locational marginal price;
- simulated intertie reference level operating reserve locational marginal price;
- simulated reference quantity energy locational marginal price;
- simulated reference quantity operating reserve locational marginal price;
- speed no-load offer;
- speed no-load offer reference level;
- start-up offer;
- start-up offer reference level;
- unrestricted competition.

Non-financial dispatch data parameters:

New:

- energy per ramp hour;
- energy ramp rate reference level;
- operating reserve ramp rate reference level;
- lead time;
- thermal state;
- ramp hours to minimum loading point.

Deleted:

 Delete existing definitions of 'speed-no-load cost' and 'start-up cost' – definitions are no longer required.

Amended:

- Amend the definition of 'minimum generation block down-time' to specify that this
 parameter is applicable for each thermal state, and replace references to 'facility' with
 'resource.'
- Amend the definition of 'maximum number of starts per day.'

2. Other Miscellaneous Terms

New:

- generation offer guarantee eligible resource;
- intertie border price;
- locational marginal price
- maximum daily energy limit;
- non-dispatchable generation resource;
- real-time generation offer guarantee;
- variable generation resource;
- mandatory window;
- pre-dispatch calculation engine;
- real-time calculation engine.

Amended:

- Amend the definitions for 'energy market' and 'physical market' to include the day-ahead market;
- Amend the definition of 'notice of disagreement' to include a reference to section 6.6 of Chapter 9;
- Amend the definition of 'offer' to include the day-ahead market and specify that it includes dispatch data parameters that are submitted in accordance with section 3 of chapter 7:
- Amend the definition of 'pre-dispatch schedule' to specify it may include all hours of the next dispatch day as determined by the pre-dispatch calculation engine;
- Amend the definition of 'variable generation' to mean all energy that is supplied by a variable generation resource.

3. Changes to Batch 1 Provisionally Approved Definitions:

- Amend the definition of 'day-ahead schedule' to fix a grammatical error and to replace reference to the 'dispatch algorithm' to the new defined term 'DAM calculation engine;'
- Amend the definition of 'minimum generation block run-time' to fix a minor grammatical error and to delete 'of the associated facility' – this text is unnecessary as the parameter for minimum generation block run-time is specific to a resource.

- 4. Changes to Batch 1 Provisionally Approved Definitions December 1, 2023:
 - Amend the following definitions to delete the text "exercising market power by" within the definitions:
 - 'economic withholding';
 - intertie economic withholding';
 - o 'physical withholding'.
 - Amend the definition of 'short-run marginal benefit' by replacing "offtakes" with "exports".

Part 4 - Proposed Amendment

Definitions

alternative intertie reference level value means the intertie reference level value determined by the IESO pursuant to MR Ch.7 s.22.19.3 to re-run the conduct test and impact test on the offers or bids that failed an impact test;

alternative reference quantity value means the reference quantity value determined by the IESO pursuant to MR Ch.7 s.22.15.21 to re-run the conduct test and impact test on the offers that failed an impact test;

dynamic constrained area or DCA means a potential constrained area designated as a DCA pursuant to MR Ch.7 s.22.10.3;

economic withholding means submitting financial dispatch data parameters or non-financial dispatch data parameters outside a resource's reference level values by more than the applicable threshold;

energy bid intertie reference level means an intertie reference level for an energy bid;

energy offer intertie reference level means an intertie reference level for an energy offer;

energy offer reference level means a reference level for an energy offer;

energy market means the <u>day-ahead market</u> and real-time market for energy administered by the *IESO* pursuant to <u>MR</u> Ch. apter-7, in which energy offers and energy bids are cleared and a market price for energy is determined;

<u>energy per ramp hour</u> means the average amount of <u>energy</u> in MWh that a <u>generation resource</u> is expected to produce in each hour that is part of the <u>ramp hours to minimum loading point</u>;

energy ramp rate reference level means a reference level for a resource's ramp rate for energy;

financial dispatch data parameters means a subset of dispatch data that are represented as financial values and for which the IESO must determine reference levels;

generation offer guarantee eligible resource or GOG eligible resource means a generation resource that is eligible for a real-time generation offer guarantee or day-ahead market generation offer guarantee in accordance with MR Ch.9;

global market power reference intertie zone means an intertie zone designated pursuant to MR Ch.7 ss.22.11.1 and 22.11.2;

instance of intertie economic withholding means a dispatch day for which at least one of a market participant's bids or offers on a boundary entity resource failed a conduct test and associated impact test used to assess intertie economic withholding in an uncompetitive intertie zone in either the day-ahead market or real-time market;

instance of physical withholding means a dispatch day for which at least one of a market participant's offers for a resource failed a conduct test and associated impact test used to assess physical withholding in either the day-ahead market or real-time market;

intertie border price or IBP means, in respect of an intertie zone, the locational marginal price of energy or operating reserve minus the intertie congestion price, determined in the real-time market or day-ahead market in accordance with the provisions of MR Ch.7 or the administrative price, where applicable;

intertie economic withholding means submitting offers or bids on a boundary entity resource that are outside a boundary entity resource's intertie reference level values by more than the applicable threshold;

<u>intertie reference level</u> means an *IESO*-determined formula to calculate an *intertie reference* level value;

intertie reference level value means an IESO-determined estimate of a dispatch data parameter that a market participant would have submitted for a boundary entity resource if such boundary entity resource were subject to unrestricted competition;

<u>lead time</u> means the amount of time, in hours, required for a <u>generation resource</u> to complete its <u>start-up procedures</u> and reach its <u>minimum loading point</u> from the applicable <u>thermal state</u>;

lead time reference level means a reference level for a resource's lead time;

<u>locational marginal price</u> or <u>LMP</u> means, in respect of a <u>pricing node</u>, the price of <u>energy</u> or <u>operating reserve</u> determined in the <u>real-time market</u> or in the <u>day-ahead market</u> in accordance with the provisions of MR Ch.7;

mandatory window means the period time on a dispatch day that begins following the real-time market unrestricted window and that ends 10 minutes before the dispatch hour, or in the case of a boundary entity resource, that ends an hour and 10 minutes before the dispatch hour;

market control entity means a person or entity disclosed by a market participant to the IESO pursuant to MR Ch.7 s.22.9.1;

market control entity for physical withholding means the market control entity that a market participant has designated pursuant to MR Ch.7 ss.22.9.2-22.9.7;

maximum daily energy limit means (i) for a dispatchable generation resource that is a non-quick start resource and is not a nuclear generation resource, a maximum quantity of energy in MWh that may be scheduled for a resource within a dispatch day at or above its minimum loading point excluding the hours scheduled for the ramp up energy to minimum loading point or (ii) for any other resource, a maximum quantity of energy in MWh that may be scheduled for a resource within a dispatch day;

Note: The previous version of this amendment proposal (version 4.0) showed 'maximum number of starts per day' as a new defined term in error. This term is an existing term that is being amended:

Replace:

maximum number of starts per day means the number of times that a resource can be started within a dispatch day;

With the following:

maximum number of starts per day means is the number of times that a <u>resource</u> unit can be started within a dispatch day;

maximum number of starts per day reference level means a reference level for a resource's maximum numbers of starts per day;

minimum generation block down_time ismeans, for each thermal state, the minimum time, in hours, between the time a generation facilityresource was last at its minimum loading point before de-synchronization and the time the generation facilityresource reaches its minimum loading point again after synchronization;

minimum generation block down-time reference level means a reference level for a resource's minimum generation block down-time;

minimum generation block run-time reference level means a reference level for a resource's minimum generation block run-time;

minimum loading point reference level means a reference level for a resource's minimum loading point;

narrow constrained area or NCA means a potential constrained area designated as a NCA

pursuant to MR Ch.7 s.22.10.2;

non-dispatchable generation resource means a generation resource within the IESO control area that is a self-scheduling generation resource or intermittent generation resource;

non-financial dispatch data parameters means a subset of dispatch data that are not represented as financial values and for which the IESO must determine reference levels;

notice of disagreement means a notice provided by a market participant in accordance with MR Ch.9 s.6.6 to the IESO in regard to a disagreement over a preliminary settlement statement;

offer means a statement of the quantities <u>and prices</u> of a commodity that a seller <u>is</u> willing to provide at different market prices for that commodity in the <u>day-ahead market</u>, real-time market, the <u>day-ahead market</u> or the procurement market, or the <u>capacity auction</u> and includes <u>dispatch</u> data parameters that are submitted in accordance with MR Ch.7 s.3;

operating reserve offer intertie reference level means an intertie reference level for an offer to provide operating reserve;

operating reserve offer reference level means a reference level for an offer to provide operating reserve;

operating reserve ramp rate reference level means a reference level for a resource's ramp rate for operating reserve;

physical market means a <u>day-ahead market</u>, real-time market and/or a procurement market administered by the *IESO* pursuant to <u>MR</u> Ch. apter 7;

physical withholding means submitting offer quantities of energy or operating reserve less than a resource's reference quantity value by more than the applicable threshold;

potential constrained area means an electrical area of the *IESO-controlled grid* that can be created when a single or multiple transmission constraints bind, leaving a reduced set of resources that can meet the load behind the transmission constraints;

pre-dispatch calculation engine means an algorithm that consists of a sequence of optimization problems solved by the *IESO* to determine schedules and prices over the pre-dispatch look-ahead period in accordance with MR Ch.7 to meet the needs of the pre-dispatch timeframe;

pre-dispatch schedule means an hourly schedule for the remaining hours of a dispatch day and may include all hours of the next dispatch day as determined by the dispatch algorithm pre-dispatch calculation engine;

preliminary view means a statement from the IESO of the reference levels and reference quantities that the IESO intends to register for a resource;

Replace:

ramp hours to minimum loading point means a reference level for a resource's ramp hours to minimum loading point;

With the following:

<u>ramp hours to minimum loading point</u> means the number of hours required for a <u>generation</u> <u>resource</u> to ramp up from synchronization to its <u>minimum loading point</u>;

ramp hours to minimum loading point reference level means a reference level for a resource's ramp hours to minimum loading point;

<u>real-time calculation engine</u> means an algorithm that consists of a sequence of optimization problems solved by the <u>IESO</u> to determine schedules and prices for the <u>dispatch interval</u> and the <u>subsequent ten 5-minute intervals in accordance with MR Ch.7</u> to meet the needs of the <u>real-time market</u>;

<u>real-time generation offer guarantee</u> means an arrangement that meets the requirements of MR <u>Ch.9</u>;

reference level means an IESO-determined formula to calculate a reference level value;

<u>reference level value</u> means an <u>IESO</u>-determined estimate of a <u>dispatch data</u> parameter that a <u>resource</u> would have submitted if it were subject to <u>unrestricted competition</u>;

reference quantity means an IESO-determined formula to calculate a reference quantity value;

<u>reference quantity value</u> means an <u>IESO</u>-determined estimate for the quantity of <u>energy</u> or <u>operating reserve</u> that a <u>market participant</u> would have submitted for a <u>resource</u> if it were <u>subject to unrestricted competition</u>;

short-run marginal benefit means a financial benefit that accrues to a market participant with respect to a boundary entity resource that only accrues if that boundary entity resource exports energy and does not accrue otherwise;

<u>short-run marginal cost</u> means a financial cost incurred by a <u>market participant</u> with respect to its <u>resource</u> that is only incurred if that <u>resource</u> provides <u>energy</u> or <u>operating reserve</u> and is not incurred otherwise;

<u>simulated as-offered energy locational marginal price (LMP)</u> means the <u>energy locational</u> <u>marginal price</u> produced by simulating the <u>day-ahead market</u> or <u>real-time market</u>, as applicable, using the inputs used by the relevant calculation engines for the <u>dispatch day</u> for a <u>resource</u>;

simulated as-offered operating reserve locational marginal price (LMP) means the operating reserve locational marginal price produced by simulating the day-ahead market or real-time market, as applicable;

<u>simulated intertie reference level energy location marginal price (LMP)</u> means the <u>energy locational marginal price</u> at an uncompetitive <u>intertie zone</u> produced by simulating the <u>dayahead market</u> or <u>real-time market</u>, as applicable;

<u>simulated intertie reference level operating reserve location marginal price (LMP)</u> means the <u>operating reserve locational marginal price</u> at an uncompetitive <u>intertie zone</u> produced by <u>simulating the day-ahead market</u> or <u>real-time market</u>, as applicable;

Replace:

simulated reference quantity energy locational marginal price (LMP) means the energy locational marginal price produced by simulating the day-ahead market or real-time market, as applicable, using the inputs used by the relevant calculation engines by replacing the submitted dispatch data that failed the conduct test with the applicable reference quantities and reference levels for the dispatch day for a resource;

With the following:

simulated reference quantity energy locational marginal price (LMP) means the energy locational marginal price produced by simulating the day-ahead market or real-time market, as applicable, using the inputs used by the relevant calculation engines and the applicable reference quantities and reference levels for the dispatch day for a resource;

simulated reference quantity operating reserve locational marginal price (LMP) means the operating reserve locational marginal price produced by simulating the day-ahead market or real-time market, as applicable, using the inputs used by the relevant calculation engines and the applicable reference quantities and reference levels for the dispatch day for a resource;

speed no-load cost is the hourly value offered by the registered market participant to maintain a generation resource synchronized with zero net energy injected into the IESO-controlled grid;

speed no-load offer means the hourly dollar amount offered by the registered market participant to maintain a generation resource in a synchronized with zero net energy injected into the IESO-controlled grid;

speed no-load offer reference level means a reference level for a speed no-load offer;

start-up cost is the dollar amount offered by the registered market participant to bring an off-line resource to its minimum loading point based on the resource's thermal state;

<u>start-up offer</u> is the dollar amount offered by the <u>registered market participant</u> to bring an offline <u>resource</u> to its <u>minimum loading point</u> based on the <u>resource</u>'s thermal state;

start-up offer reference level means a reference level for a start-up offer;

thermal state means the state of a dispatchable generation resource, other than a quick-start resource or a nuclear generation resource, that is either a hot, warm or cold state, as the case may be, relative to the last dispatch hour at which the resource was at its minimum loading point;

unrestricted competition means a counterfactual market absent any conditions that would require testing for market power pursuant to the *market rules*;

Note: The previous version of this amendment proposal (version 4.0) showed 'variable generation' as a new defined term in error. This term is an existing term that is being amended:

Replace:

variable generation means all energy that is supplied by a variable generation resource;

With the following:

variable generation means all <u>energy</u> that is supplied by a <u>variable generation resource</u> wind and solar photovoltaic resources with an installed capacity of 5MW or greater, or all wind and solar photovoltaic resources that are directly connected to the <u>IESO-controlled grid</u>;

Changes to Definitions Provisionally Approved by the IESO Board in MR-00461-R00: Batch 1 Definitions:

Provisionally approved version:

<u>day-ahead schedule</u> means the hourly schedule for the 24-hour period of a next <u>dispatch day</u> as determined by the <u>dispatch algorithm</u> during the <u>day-ahead market</u>;

Revised (proposed changes to the provisionally approved version shown in highlights):

<u>day-ahead schedule</u> means the hourly schedule for the 24-hour period of the next <u>dispatch day</u> as determined by the <u>DAM calculation engine</u> during the <u>day-ahead market</u>;

Provisionally approved version:

minimum generation block run-time means the number of hours, specified by the market participant, that a generation facility resource must be operating at minimum loading point; in accordance with the technical requirements of the associated facility;

Revised:

minimum generation block run-time means the number of hours, specified by the market participant, that a generation facility resource must be operating at minimum loading point; in accordance with itsthe technical requirements of the associated facility;