

Market Rule Amendment Proposal Form

Part 1 – Market Rule Information

Identification No.:	MR-00461-R03	
Subject:	Market Renewal Program	
Title:	MRP Interim Alignment – Defined Terms	
Nature of Proposal:	□ Alteration □ Deletion □ Addition	
Chapter:	Chapter 11	
Appendix:		
Sections:	N/A	
Sub-sections proposed for amending:	N/A	
Current Market Rules Baseline:	September 2022	

Part 2 – Proposal History

Version	Reason for Issuing	Version Date
1.0	Draft for Stakeholder Review	September 9, 2022
1.1	Updated to include definition for price responsive load and a minor edit to non-dispatchable load.	October 21, 2022
2.0	Draft following stakeholder feedback period	December 20, 2022
3.0	Draft for Technical Panel Review	February 7, 2023
4.0	Publish for stakeholder review and comment	February 22, 2023

Approved Amendment Publication Date:

Approved Amendment Effective Date:

Part 3 – Explanation for Proposed Amendment

Summary

The IESO proposes to amend various Chapter 11 definitions in the market rules to support the Market Renewal Program (MRP) Interim Alignment batch market rule packages (MR-00457-R00 to R03).

Background

Please refer to MRP backgrounder in MR-00450-R00.

Discussion

The Interim Alignment Batch is intended to include amendments that will facilitate the implementation of market renewal and reduce the volume of amendments that will be required in future market rule batches. The amendments to the defined terms contained in this proposal will:

- Support the integration of the defined term *resource* into the market rules;
- Introduce electricity storage into the market renewal rules;
- Remove the defined terms related to Congestion Management Settlement Credits (CMSC), which will not be a feature of the renewed market.

This proposal contains amendments to defined terms that are in the current baseline of the market rules or were provisionally approved in one of the previous MRP batches. In some cases, definitions are removed as they no longer be required in the renewed market, and there are four new definitions.

The accompanying <u>Summary of Changes</u> document prepared for the Interim Alignment batch provides an explanation for each of the amendments proposed below.

Part 4 – Proposed Amendment

Definitions

automatic generation control or AGC means the process that automatically adjusts the output from a generation facility generation resource or an electricity storage facility electricity storage resource that is providing regulation;

called capacity export means an energy export from the IESO control area that is supported by the capacity of a generation unitgeneration resource or the capacity for injection of an electricity storage unitelectricity storage resource within the IESO control area that has committed its capacity, or a portion thereof, to an external control area and that capacity has been called by the external control area operator in accordance with section 20.3 of Chapter 7;

capacity auction eligible generation resource means a generation resource that is a non-committed resource that is associated with a generation facility, which is also associated with a connected facility at the commencement of the capacity enrollment process for a given capacity auction, and which is registered as dispatchable dispatchable with the IESO prior to the obligation period in accordance with the timelines specified in the applicable market manual;

capacity auction eligible storage resource means an electricity storage resource that is a non-committed resource associated with an electricity storage facility, which is also a connected facility at the commencement of the capacity enrollment process for a given capacity auction, and which is registered as dispatchable with the IESO prior to the obligation period in accordance with the timelines specified in the applicable market manual;

capacity auction resource means a resource type resource specified in section 19.1.2 of Chapter 7 and is utilized by a capacity auction participant to satisfy a capacity obligation;

capacity dispatchable load resource means the capacity auction resource associated with a dispatchable load that has received a capacity obligation in a given capacity auction in accordance with the applicable market manual;

capacity export request means a request submitted to the IESO by a market participant for approval to commit the Ontario-based capacity of a generation unitgeneration resource or the injection capacity of an electricity storage unitelectricity storage resource to an external control area in accordance with section 20.1 of Chapter 7;

<u>Certified of the lack start facility</u> means a <u>registered generation facility contracted</u> in accordance with section 4.2.2 of Chapter 9, that, to the satisfaction of the <u>IESO</u> acting reasonably, has complied with and continues to comply with equipment and staffing configurations, training and maintenance programs and inspection and testing regime as set out in the <u>market rules</u> or the <u>Ontario power system restoration plan</u>, and from which the <u>IESO</u> may direct the delivery of power without assistance from the electrical system.

combined cycle plant means a group of generation resources associated with a generation facility in which energy is generated by one or more generation units that are combustion turbines and by one generation unit that is a steam turbine for which steam is supplied by recovery of waste heat from one or more of the combustion turbines or by an independent injection of heat from duct firing;

constrained off dispatchable load means a dispatchable load, electricity storage unit or boundary entity dispatched by the IESO to consume (or to withdraw in the case of an electricity storage unit or boundary entity) less energy in order to assist in addressing a transmission flow constraint on the IESO controlled grid or a security limit in circumstances where such dispatchable load, electricity storage unit or boundary entity would, but for such constraint or security limit, otherwise be or have been dispatched to consume (or to withdraw in the case of an electricity storage unit or boundary entity) more energy;

constrained off event means, in respect of a generation unit, an electricity storage unit, a dispatchable load, or a boundary entity, the event of being dispatched as a constrained off facility;

constrained off facility means a constrained off generation unit, a constrained off dispatchable load or both;

constrained off generation unit means a generation unit, electricity storage unit, or boundary entity dispatched by the IESO to supply (or to inject in the case of an electricity storage unit or boundary entity) less energy in order to assist in addressing a transmission flow constraint on the IESO-controlled grid or a security limit in circumstances where such generation unit, electricity storage unit, or boundary entity would, but for such constraint or security limit, otherwise be or have been dispatched to supply (or to inject in the case of an electricity storage unit or boundary entity) more energy;

constrained on dispatchable load means a dispatchable load, electricity storage unit or boundary entity dispatched by the IESO to consume (or to withdraw in the case of an electricity storage unit or boundary entity) more energy in order to assist in addressing a transmission flow constraint on the IESO controlled grid or a security limit in circumstances where such dispatchable load, electricity storage unit or boundary entity would, but for such constraint or security limit, otherwise be or have been dispatched to consume (or to withdraw in the case of an electricity storage unit or boundary entity) less energy;

constrained on event means, in respect of a generation unit, an electricity storage unit, a dispatchable load or a boundary entity, the event of being dispatched as a constrained on facility;

constrained on facility means a constrained on generation unit, a constrained on dispatchable load or both;

constrained on generation unit means a generation unit, electricity storage unit, or boundary entity dispatched by the IESO to supply (or to inject in the case of an electricity storage unit or a boundary entity) more energy in order to assist in addressing a transmission flow constraint on the IESO-controlled grid or a security limit in circumstances where such generation unit, electricity storage unit, or boundary entity would, but for such constraint or security limit, otherwise be or have been dispatched to supply (or to inject in the case of an electricity storage unit, boundary entity) less energy;

control centre means, in respect of a registered facility or group of facilities, an attended location where signals and instructions for controlling the facilities associated resources are received from an authority centre or the IESO, and transferred directly to the facilities for implementation;

curtailment means the involuntary curtailment of consumption by non-dispatchable loads or price responsive loads as a result of insufficient generation capacity or electricity storage capacity, of a limitation in the capacity of a transmission system or

of actions taken by the *IESO* pursuant to Chapter 5 to maintain the *reliability* of the *IESO-controlled grid* or of the *electricity system*;

demand response contributor means a load facility equipment that is associated with an hourly demand response resource and is used to satisfy in whole or a portion of a capacity obligation. Demand response contributors are registered by capacity market participants as part of the contributor management process detailed in the applicable market manual;

A designated constrained off watch zone means an area within Ontario as set out in the applicable market manual, including connected intertie zones, that is monitored to determine if persistent and significant congestion management settlement credit payments for constrained off events are being made. These watch zones may be further designated for injections, withdrawals or both;

electricity storage station service means station service associated with an electricity storage facility that is -compriseding of one or more electricity storage units each of which is associated with a resource, including a resource a registered facility or which together have beenthat is aggregated as a registered facility in accordance with section 2.3 of Chapter 7;

<u>electricity storage resource</u> means a <u>resource</u> modelled to represent one or more <u>electricity storage units;</u>

electricity system means the integrated power system and all registered facilities registered with the IESO in accordance with section 2 of Chapter 7 that are connected to that system;

embedded load facility means a <u>load facility</u> <u>dispatchable load or a non-dispatchable</u> <u>load</u> within the <u>IESO control area</u> that is not directly <u>connected</u> to the <u>IESO-controlled</u> grid but is instead embedded within a <u>distribution system</u>;

enhanced combined cycle facility means a generation facility with one or more combined cycle plants combined cycle facility in which the steam utilized to generate electricity in one or more of the steam turbines is supplemented by recovery of waste heat from an independent industrial process/processes such as waste heat from the gas turbine exhaust of a natural gas compressor station, and qualifies for treatment as a Class 43.1 facility or has qualified as a Class 34 facility under the Income Tax Act, R.S.C. 1985, c.1. Combined cycle facilities are generation facilities in which electricity is generated by one or more combustion turbines or engines, and by one or more steam turbines for which steam is supplied by recovery of waste heat from one or more of the combustion turbines or engines;

exemption means an exclusion from one or more specific obligations or standards which are or may be imposed on the exemption applicant or in respect of the exemption applicant's facilities, or equipment or resources pursuant to the market rules, market manuals or from any standard, policy or procedure established by the IESO pursuant to the market rules;

flexible nuclear generation means the component of a nuclear generation facility resource that has flexibility for reductions due to the operation of condenser steam discharge valves, and is made available at the sole discretion of the flexible nuclear generator to manoeuvre without requiring a unit the resource to shutdown under normal operations, while respecting safety, technical, equipment, environmental and regulatory restrictions;

flexible nuclear generator means a generator whose generation facility resource has a component classified as flexible nuclear generation;

generation station service means station service associated with a generating facility that is comprising comprised of one or more generation units each of which is associated with a resource, a registered facility including a resource that is aggregated or which together have been aggregated as a registered facility in accordance with section 2.3 of Chapter 7;

historical reference price means (i) in respect of an investigated facility which is not a hydroelectric generation facility, the unweighted average of the price contained in all energy offers or energy bids submitted by the registered market participant for that investigated facility and accepted by the IESO, as reflected in the most recent market schedules for that investigated facility for the dispatch intervals to which such energy offers or energy bids relate, during all relevant hours in the ninety days preceding the date for which an investigated price is submitted by the registered market participant for that investigated facility and (ii) in respect of an investigated facility which is a hydroelectric generation facility, the average market price weighted by the market schedule quantity during all relevant intervals in the thirty days preceding the date on which an investigated price was submitted by the registered market participant for that investigated facility;

hourly demand response resource means the capacity auction resource type that is a registered facility that has received a capacity obligation in a given capacity auction and is used by a capacity market participant to satisfy a capacity obligation on an hourly basis and is activated by the IESO in accordance with section 19.4 of Chapter 7;

intermittent generator generation resource means a generation facility resource located within the IESO control area that generates on an intermittent basis as a result of factors beyond the control of the generator unless limited by dispatch, and excludes a variable generator generation resource;

investigated facility means, in respect of an investigated price, the constrained on facility or the constrained off facility whose registered market participant submitted the energy offer or energy bid that contains that investigated price;

investigated price means a price contained in an energy offer or an energy bid submitted by the registered market participant for a constrained on facility or a constrained off facility that is the subject of investigation or of an inquiry pursuant to Appendix 7.6 of Chapter 7 in respect of a given constrained on event or a given constrained off event;

load <u>equipment</u> means <u>equipment within a load facility</u> one or more pieces of <u>equipment</u> that <u>consume draws electrical</u> energy from the <u>integrated power system</u>;

load resource means a *resource* modelled to represent one or more <u>sets of loads</u> <u>equipment</u>;

major dispatchable load facility means a dispatchable load facility that includes associated with a dispatchable load that is rated at 100 MVA or higher; that comprises dispatchable sets of loads equipment that are associated with dispatchable loads, the ratings of which in the aggregate equals or exceeds 100 MVA; or that is re-classified as a major dispatchable load facility pursuant to section 1.5.1 of Appendix 2.2 of Chapter 2 or section 7.8.1 of Chapter 4;

major generation facility means a generation facility that includes a generation unit associated with a resource that provides regulation; that includes a generation unit that is rated at 100 MVA or higher; that comprises generation units the ratings of which in the aggregate equals or exceeds 100 MVA; or that is re-classified as a major generation facility pursuant to section 1.5.1 of Appendix 2.2 of Chapter 2 or section 7.8.1 of Chapter 4;

minor dispatchable load facility means a dispatchable load facility that includes associated with a dispatchable load that is rated at 1 MVA or higher but less than 20 MVA; that comprises dispatchable sets of loads load equipment that are associated with dispatchable loads, the ratings of which in the aggregate equals or exceeds 1 MVA but is less than 20 MVA; or that is re-classified as a minor dispatchable load facility pursuant to section 1.5.2 of Appendix 2.2 of Chapter 2 or section 7.8.2 of Chapter 4;

non-committed resource means a registered facility the resource for a facility that is neither - in whole or in part - rate-regulated, contracted to the IESO, contracted to the OEFC, or obligated as a resource backed capacity export to another jurisdiction during the entire duration of a given obligation period;

non-dispatchable load means a load_resource_load resource, within the IESO control area, that is not dispatchable_subject to dispatch by the IESO and whose level is not selected or set by the IESO based on the price of energy in the real-time market;

operating deviation means the deviation described in section 3.8 of Chapter 9 between the performance of a *registered facilityresource* and the performance required of that *registered facilityresource* for the provision of *operating reserve*;

operating result means the physical quantity or quantities measured or estimated by the *IESO* as delivered by a registered facility resource during the actual operation of the electricity system;

pre-dispatch day means the day prior to a dispatch day;

price responsive load means a load resource for which the registered market participant is authorized to submit bids for energy into the day-ahead market but for

which the *load resource* is a <u>non-not_dispatchable_-and whose level is not selected or set by the *IESO* based on the price of <u>energy</u> in the <u>real-time market;</u> <u>load</u> in the <u>real-time market;</u></u>

pseudo-unit means a <u>dispatchable generation</u> resource associated with a combined cycle generation facility combined cycle plant that is modeled based on a gas-to-steam relationship between generation units, and which is comprised of one <u>resource</u> for the combustion turbine generation unit and a share of one steam turbine generation unit at the same combined cycle generation facility combined cycle plant;

reference price means one or more of (i) a historical reference price; (ii) a price equal to the market price for energy determined for the dispatch interval in respect of which an investigated price was submitted; and (iii) such other reference price as may be established by the IESO Board-pursuant to section 1.3.4 of Appendix 7.6 of Chapter 7;

reliability must-run contract means a contract between the *IESO* and a registered market participant or prospective registered market participant for a resource that is or will be a generation resource, an electricity storage facility electricity storage resource, a dispatchable load resource or a boundary entity resource, which allows the *IESO* to call on that registered market participant's or prospective registered market participant's resource in order to maintain reliability of the *IESO-controlled grid*;

reliability must-run resources means the resources described in section 4.8.1 of Chapter 5; these may also be referred to as must-run resources;

remaining duration of service means the remaining time it is expected that an electricity storage facility electricity storage resource can continue injecting, or withdrawing, until it reaches its lower energy limit, or upper energy limit, respectively, assuming the electricity storage facility resource continues operating at its quantity offered or bid;

Request for <u>s</u>Segregation means a request from a <u>registered market participant</u> for approval to operate its <u>registered facility</u>resource in a <u>segregated mode of operation</u>;

resource means an *IESO*-modelled representation of one or more *generation units*, electricity storage units, or sets of loads equipment, existing within the *IESO's* systems, which is used for the secure operations of the *IESO control area*, or to participate in the *IESO-administrated markets*; or a boundary entity resource;

segregated mode of operation means an electrical configuration where a portion of the *IESO-controlled grid* is used to *connect* one or more registered facilities that are generation facilities resources to a neighbouring control area using a radial intertie for the purposes of delivering electricity or physical services to such control area;

self-schedule means an hourly schedule specified by a self-scheduling generation facility resource or a self-scheduling electricity storage facility resource, and self-scheduling has an analogous meaning;

self-scheduling electricity storage resource means an electricity storage resource that is not dispatchable except for the provision of regulation services in respect of which it shall follow dispatch instructions, and when it intends to withdraw energy is authorized to submit bids for energy into the day ahead market;

self-scheduling electricity storage facility means an electricity storage facility comprised of one or more electricity storage units that are each exclusively associated with a self-scheduling electricity storage resource; located within the IESO control area that can operate independently of dispatch instructions from the IESO, except for the provision of regulation services in respect of which it shall follow dispatch instructions;

self-scheduling electricity storage facility means an electricity storage facility comprised of one or more electricity storage units that are each exclusively associated with a self-scheduling electricity storage resource;

self-scheduling generation facility means a generation facility comprised of one or more generation units that are each exclusively associated with a self-scheduling generation resource located within the IESO control area that can operate independently of dispatch instructions from the IESO;

<u>self-scheduling generation resource</u> means a <u>generation resource</u> that can operate independently of <u>dispatch instructions</u> from the <u>IESO</u>;

significant dispatchable load facility means a dispatchable load facility that includes ais associated with a dispatchable load that is rated at 20 MVA or higher but less than 100 MVA; that comprises dispatchable sets of loads equipment that are associated with dispatchable loads, the ratings of which in the aggregate equals or exceeds 20 MVA but is less than 100 MVA; or that is re-classified as a significant dispatchable load facility pursuant to section 1.5.1 or 1.5.2 of Appendix 2.2 of Chapter 2 or section 7.8.1 or 7.8.2 of Chapter 4;

system-backed capacity auction eligible import resource means a capacity auction resource associated with a boundary entity resource that is available to enroll capacity that a neighbouring control area operator is willing to allocate to Ontario, if a capacity obligation is secured, for the duration of the applicable obligation period, which capacity would be deemed to be supplied from the entire system of the neighbouring control area. The allocated capacity must not otherwise be - in whole or in part - contracted to or otherwise obligated to be provided to the IESO, the OEFC, or another control area operator during the entire duration of a given obligation period;

transitional scheduling generator means a generation facility located within the IESO control area that is under contract with OEFC effective April 1, 1999 and surviving the market commencement date, and is registered as such in accordance with the applicable sections of Chapter 7;